ISO 14644-1:1999
Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments -- Part 1: Classification of air cleanliness.

Summary

ISO 14644 consists of the following parts, under the general title Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments:
— Part 1: Classification of air cleanliness
— Part 2: Specifications for testing and monitoring to prove continued compliance with ISO 14644-1
— Part 3: Metrology and test methods
— Part 4: Design, construction and start-up
— Part 5: Operations
— Part 6: Terms and definitions
— Part 7: Enhanced clean devices

Cleanrooms and associated controlled environments provide for the control of airborne particulate contamination to levels appropriate for accomplishing contamination sensitive activities. Products and processes that benefit from the control of airborne contamination include those in such industries as aerospace, microelectronics, pharmaceuticals, medical devices, food, and healthcare.

This part of ISO 14644 assigns ISO classification levels to be used for the specification of air cleanliness in cleanrooms and associated controlled environments. It also prescribes the standard method of testing as well as the procedure for determining the concentration of airborne particles.

For classification purposes, this part of ISO 14644 is limited to a designated range of considered particle sizes for determination of particle concentration limits. This part of ISO 14644 also provides standard protocols for the determination and designation of cleanliness levels that are based on airborne concentrations of particles smaller or larger than the size range designated for classification.

This part of ISO 14644 is one of a series of standards concerned with cleanrooms and contamination control. Many factors besides airborne particulate cleanliness must be considered in the design, specification, operation, and control of cleanrooms and other controlled environments. These are covered in some detail in other parts of the International Standards.

In some circumstances, relevant regulatory agencies may impose supplementary policies or restrictions. In such situations, appropriate adaptations of the standard testing procedures may be required.
This part of ISO 14644 covers the classification of air cleanliness in cleanrooms and associated controlled environments exclusively in terms of concentration of airborne particles. Only particle populations having cumulative distributions based on threshold (lower limit) sizes ranging from 0,1 µm to 5 µm are considered for classification purposes.

This part of ISO 14644 does not provide for classification of particle populations that are outside of the specified particle size range, 0,1 µm to 5 µm. Concentrations of ultrafine particles (particles smaller than 0,1 µm) and macroparticles (particles larger than 5 µm) may be used to quantify these populations in terms of U descriptors and M descriptors, respectively.

This part of ISO 14644 cannot be used to characterize the physical, chemical, radiological, or viable nature of airborne particles.

NOTE: The actual distribution of particle concentrations within incremental size ranges normally is not predictable and typically is variable over time.